



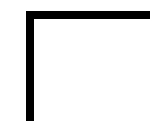
# Effect Handlers for the Masses

**Jonathan Immanuel Brachthäuser** and **Philipp Schuster** and **Klaus Ostermann**

University of Tübingen, Germany

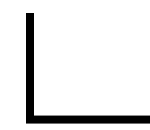
# Overview

1. Introduction & Design Decisions
2. Implementation Details
3. Effect Handlers in Java



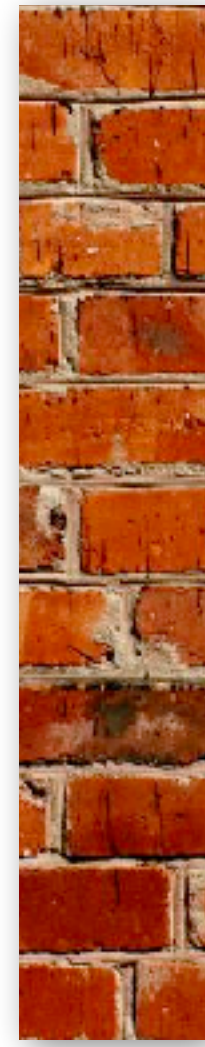
# Part I

Effect Handlers:  
Introduction &  
Library Design



# Effect Handlers

... split effectful programs into three parts / responsibilities:

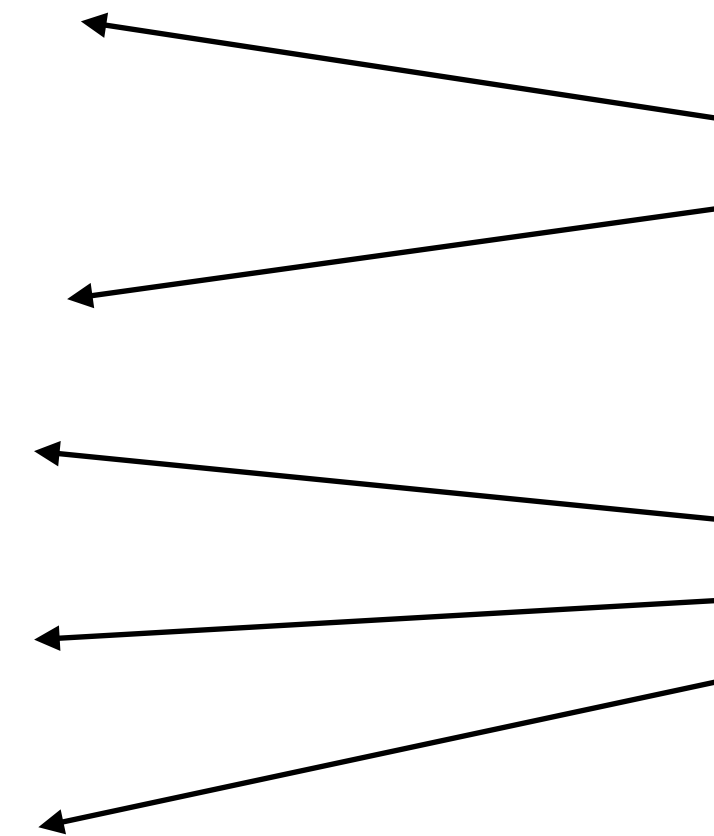
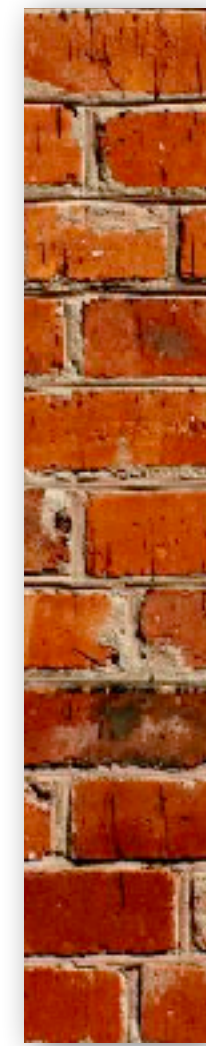


## Effect Signatures

Interfaces, specifying available effect operations

# Effect Handlers

... split effectful programs into three parts / responsibilities:



Effectful Program  
Using effect operations

Effect Signatures

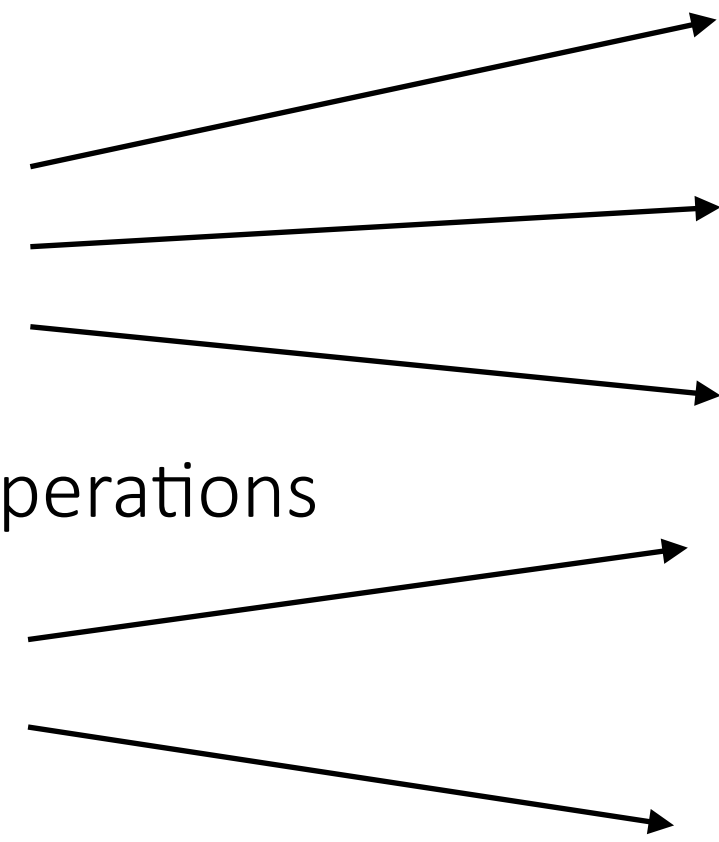
Interfaces, specifying available effect operations

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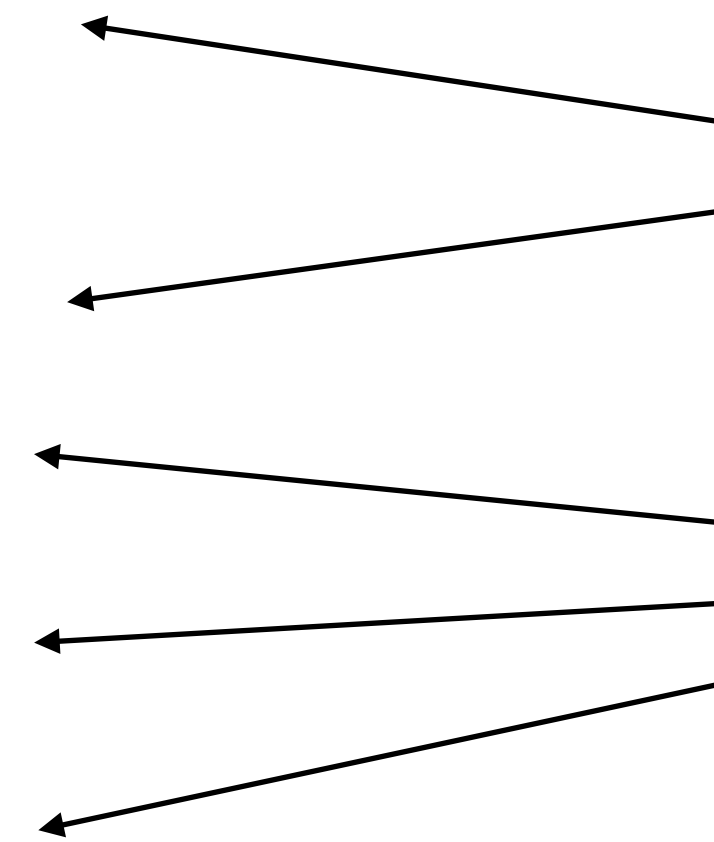
Effect Handlers

Giving semantics to effect operations



Effect Signatures

Interfaces, specifying available effect operations



Effectful Program

Using effect operations

# Effect Handlers for Java

- Effect handlers can be seen as **structured programming** with delimited continuations:
- Effect handlers support many use cases of delim. cont. but with **simplified typing**

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- Effect handlers can be seen as **structured programming** with delimited continuations:

┌ goto vs. if / for / while ─┐

└ delimited continuations vs. effect handlers ─┘

- Effect handlers support many use cases of delim. cont. but with **simplified typing**



# Effect Handlers for Java

- Effect handlers can be seen as **structured programming** with delimited continuations:

┌ goto	vs.	if / for / while	┐
└ delimited continuations	vs.	effect handlers	┘

- Effect handlers support many use cases of delim. cont. but with **simplified typing**

## Contributions

- The first library design for effect handlers **in Java**
- Our effect handler library only requires simple generics
- An implementation of multi-prompt delim. continuations in Java
- A type-selective bytecode transformation using closures

# Example: Drunk Coin Flipping

```
String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
    if (amb.flip()) {  
        return exc.raise("too drunk");  
    } else {  
        return amb.flip() ? "heads" : "tails";  
    }  
}
```

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        return amb.flip() ? "heads" : "tails";  
    }  
}
```

## Effect Operations


Semantics of the operations is left open

# Example: Drunk Coin Flipping

```
String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
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## Effect Capabilities

Entitles the function to use these effects

# Example: Drunk Coin Flipping

```
String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
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```

Effect Capabilities

Entitles the function to use these effects

Marker Exception

Communicates the usage of effects

# Example: Drunk Coin Flipping

```
String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
    if (amb.flip()) {  
        return exc.raise("too drunk");  
    } else {  
        return amb.flip() ? "heads" : "tails";  
    }  
}
```

```
interface Exc {  
    <A> A raise(String msg) throws Effects;  
}  
interface Amb {  
    boolean flip() throws Effects;  
}
```

## Effect Signatures

Declare and group effect operations



# Example: Drunk Coin Flipping

```
String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
    if (amb.flip()) {  
        return exc.raise("too drunk");  
    } else {  
        return amb.flip() ? "heads" : "tails";  
    }  
}
```

```
class Native implements Exc {  
    <A> A raise(String msg) throws Effects { throw new NativeExc(msg); }  
}
```

```
class Random implements Amb {  
    boolean flip() throws Effects { return Math.random > 0.5; }  
}
```

# Example: Drunk Coin Flipping

```
String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
    if (amb.flip()) {  
        return exc.raise("too drunk");  
    } else {  
        return amb.flip() ? "heads" : "tails";  
    }  
}
```

```
drunkFlip(new Native(), new Random())
```

```
class Native implements Exc {  
    <A> A raise(String msg) throws Effects { throw new NativeExc(msg); }  
}  
class Random implements Amb {  
    boolean flip() throws Effects { return Math.random > 0.5; }  
}
```

# Effect Handlers

```
class Maybe<R>    implements Exc, Handler<R, Optional<R>> { ... }  
class Collect<R> implements Amb, Handler<R, List<R>>      { ... }
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```

Original Result Type

Effect Domain

# Effect Handlers

```
class Maybe<R>    implements Exc, Handler<R, Optional<R>> { ... }  
class Collect<R> implements Amb, Handler<R, List<R>>      { ... }
```

```
drunkFlip(???, ???) : String
```

# Effect Handlers

```
class Maybe<R>    implements Exc, Handler<R, Optional<R>> { ... }  
class Collect<R> implements Amb, Handler<R, List<R>>      { ... }
```

```
handle(new Maybe<String>(), exc ->  
    drunkFlip(???, exc) : String  
) : Optional<String>
```

# Effect Handlers

```
class Maybe<R>    implements Exc, Handler<R, Optional<R>> { ... }  
class Collect<R> implements Amb, Handler<R, List<R>>      { ... }
```

```
handle(new Collect<Optional<String>>(), amb ->  
    handle(new Maybe<String>(), exc ->  
        drunkFlip(amb, exc) : String  
    ) : Optional<String>  
): List<Optional<String>>
```



# Effect Handlers

```
class Maybe<R> implements Exc, Handler<R, Optional<R>> { ... }  
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```
handle(new Collect<Optional<String>>(), amb ->  
  handle(new Maybe<String>(), exc ->  
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  ) : Optional<String>  
) : List<Optional<String>>
```

```
res> [Optional["heads"], Optional["tails"], Optional.empty]
```

# Effect Handlers

```
class Maybe<R> implements Exc, Handler<R, Optional<R>> { ... }  
class Collect<R> implements Amb, Handler<R, List<R>> { ... }
```

```
handle(new Maybe<List<String>>(), exc ->  
    handle(new Collect<String>(), amb ->  
        drunkFlip(amb, exc) : String  
    ) : List<String>  
) : Optional<List<String>>
```

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```

```
res> Optional.empty
```

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class Maybe<R> implements Exc, Handler<R, Optional<R>> { ... }  
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handle(new Maybe<List<String>>(), exc ->  
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  ) : List<String>  
) : Optional<List<String>>
```

Handlers provide local capabilities

```
res> Optional.empty
```

# Effect Handler Implementations

```
class Collect<R> implements Amb, Handler<R, List<R>> {  
  List<R> pure(R r) { return Lists.singleton(r); }  
  boolean flip() throws Effects {  
    return use(k ->  
      Lists.concat(k.resume(true), k.resume(false))  
    );  
  }  
}
```

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    );  
  }  
}
```

```
Optional<List<String>> res =  
  handle(new Maybe<>(), exc ->  
    handle(new Collect<>(), amb ->  
      amb.flip() ? "heads" : "tails"  
    )  
  );
```

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class Collect<R> implements Amb, Handler<R, List<R>> {  
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Optional<List<String>> res =  
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    )  
  );
```

= k

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    );  
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}
```

```
handle(new Collect<>(), amb ->  
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) = k.resume(true)
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    );  
  }  
}
```

```
handle(new Collect<>(), amb ->  
  true ? "heads" : "tails"  
) = k.resume(true)
```

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```
handle(new Collect<>(), amb ->  
  "heads"  
)
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= `k.resume(true)`

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handle(new Collect<>(), amb ->  
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= `k.resume(true)`

# Effect Handler Implementations

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    );  
  }  
}
```

`Lists.singleton("heads")` = `k.resume(true)`

# The Design of the Effekt Library

## Effect Signatures

Interfaces, specifying available effect operations



## Java Interfaces

Marking effectful methods with a special exception



# The Design of the Effekt Library

## Effect Signatures

Interfaces, specifying available effect operations



## Java Interfaces

Marking effectful methods with a special exception

## Effectful Program

Using effect operations



## Java Method

Parametrized over effect handler instances / capabilities

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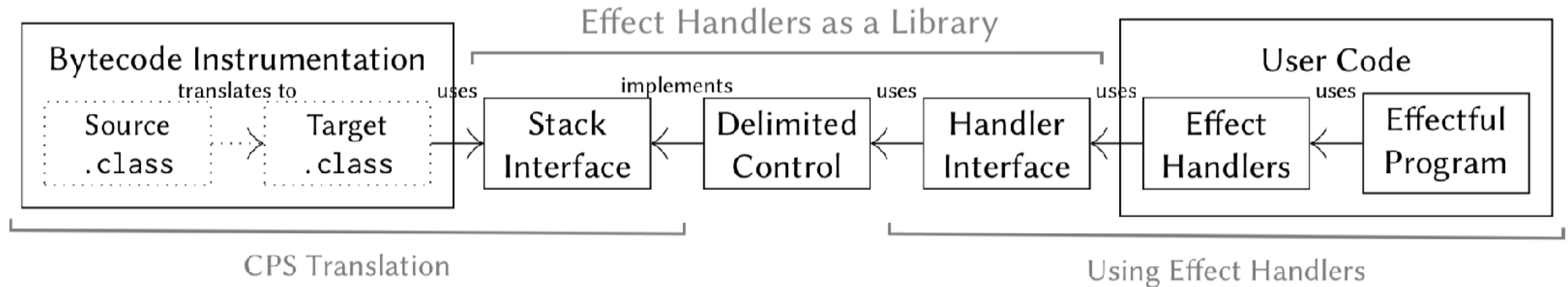
## Java Classes

Implementing the effect signatures, potentially using control effects / delimited continuations

# Part II

Implementing  
Effect Handlers &  
Delimited Control

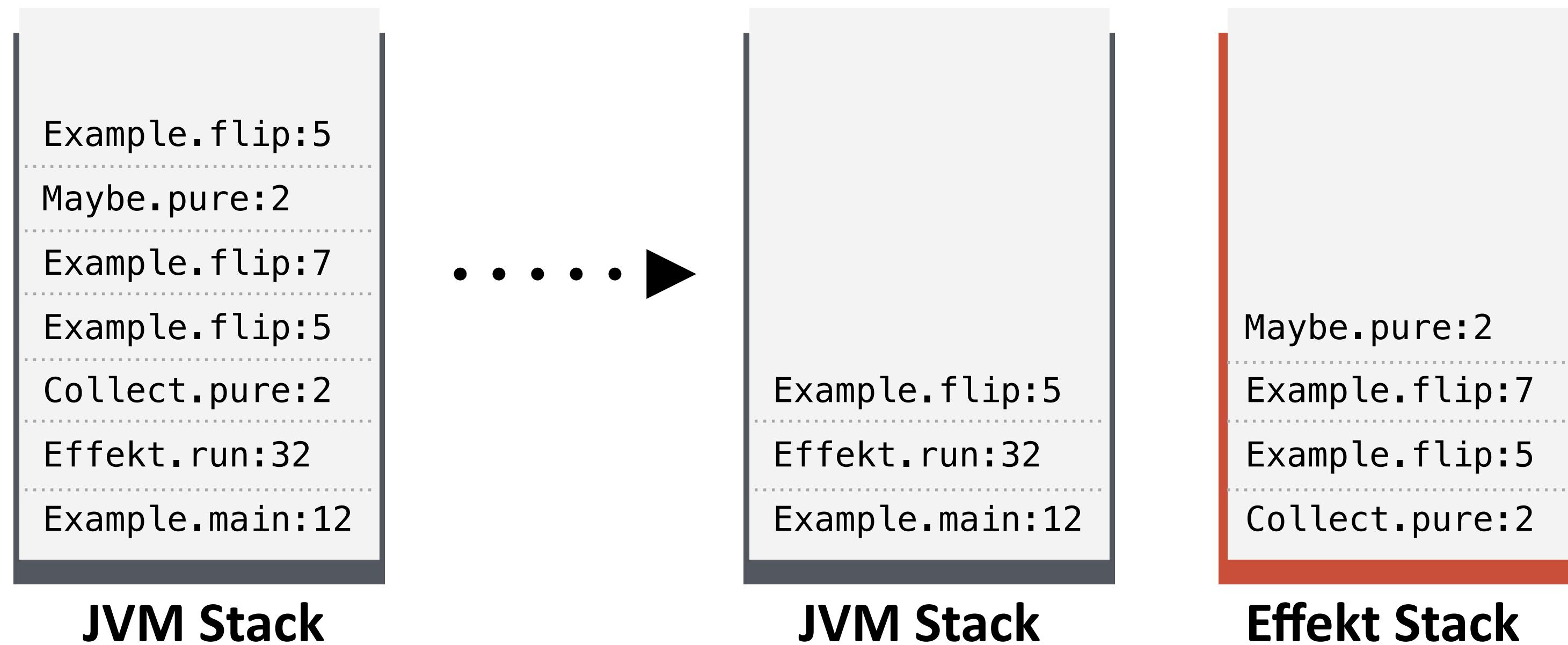
# Architectural Overview of Java Effekt



- Programs are written in direct style, but CPS translated via **bytecode transformation**
- Translated programs use a **separate Stack** interface for effectful frames
- **Delimited control** is implemented as a library, implementing the Stack interface
- **Restriction:** Translation preserves signatures, we only transform method bodies

# Replacing the JVM Stack

For effectful methods, we maintain our own custom stack, which allows us to manipulate it (searching, slicing, copying).

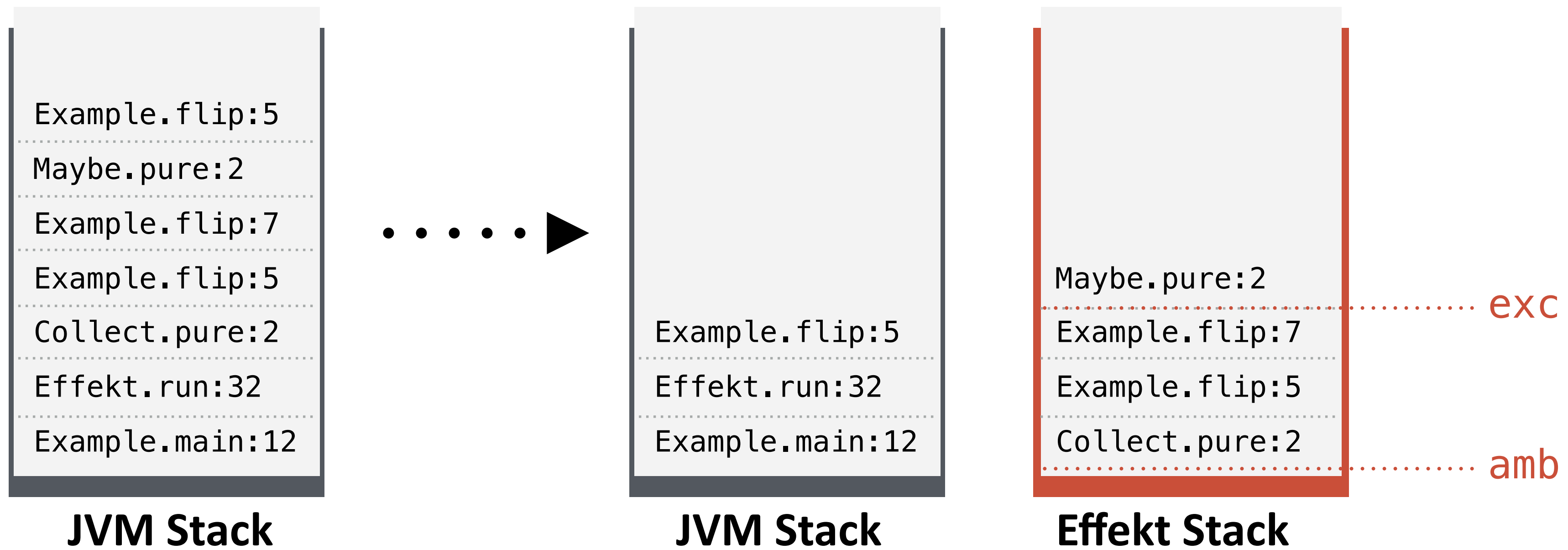


# Replacing the JVM Stack

For effectful methods, we maintain our own custom stack, which allows us to manipulate it (searching, slicing, copying).

github.com/b-studios/java-effekt

028



# CPS Translation

- Transformation of bytecode
- Uses a separate stack (`Effekt.push(frame)`)
- Uses its own calling convention (`Effekt.returnValue(result)`, `Effekt.result()`)
- Preserves signatures

# CPS Translation

- Transformation of bytecode
- Uses a separate stack (`Effekt.push(frame)`)
- Uses its own calling convention (`Effekt.returnWith(result)`, `Effekt.result()`)
- Preserves signatures

```
String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {
    boolean dropped = amb.flip();
    if (dropped) {
        return exc.raise("too drunk");
    } else {
        return amb.flip() ? "heads" : "tails";
    }
}
```



# CPS Translation

```
String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
  Effekt.push(() -> drunkFlip1(amb, exc));  
  amb.flip();  
  return null;  
}
```

```
String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
  boolean dropped = amb.flip();  
  if (dropped) {  
    return exc.raise("too drunk");  
  } else {  
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}
```

# CPS Translation

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String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
    Effekt.push(() -> drunkFlip1(amb, exc));  
    amb.flip();  
    return null;  
}
```

```
static void drunkFlip1(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
    boolean dropped = Effekt.result();  
    if (dropped) { exc.raise("too drunk"); }  
    else {  
        Effekt.push(() -> drunkFlip2(amb, exc, dropped));  
        amb.flip();  
    }  
}
```

```
String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
    boolean dropped = amb.flip();  
    if (dropped) {  
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        amb.flip();  
    }  
}
```

```
static void drunkFlip2(Amb amb, Exc exc, boolean dropped) throws Effects {  
    Effekt.returnWith(Effekt.result() ? "heads" : "tails");  
}
```

# CPS Translation - Saving Function Local State

```
String drunkFlip(Amb amb, Exc exc) throws Effects {
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    if (dropped) { exc.raise("too drunk"); }
    else {
        Effekt.push(() -> drunkFlip2(amb, exc, dropped));
        amb.flip();
    }
}

static void drunkFlip2(Amb amb, Exc exc, boolean dropped) throws Effects {
    Effekt.returnWith(Effekt.result() ? "heads" : "tails");
}
```

# Part III

Modularity through  
Effect Handlers &  
Object Orientated  
Programming

# Effect Handlers in Java

Consequences of representing Effect Signatures as Interfaces:

- Signatures can be **mixed** to a desired granularity
- **One handler** can implement **multiple effect signatures** and share the effect domain
- **One effect signature** can be implemented by **multiple handlers** with potentially different effect domains
- Interface subtyping immediately also gives **effect subtyping**



# Effect Modularization (Handler Passing)

Using effect signatures

```
interface Exc    { <A> A raise(String msg) throws Effects; }  
interface Amb    { boolean flip() throws Effects; }  
interface Input { char read() throws Effects; }
```

we can implement parsers

# Effect Modularization (Handler Passing)

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interface Exc    { <A> A raise(String msg) throws Effects; }  
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interface Input { char read() throws Effects; }
```

we can implement parsers

```
void accept(char c, Input in, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
    if (in.read() != c) exc.raise("Expected " + c);  
}
```

# Effect Modularization (Handler Passing)

Using effect signatures

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interface Exc    { <A> A raise(String msg) throws Effects; }  
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interface Input { char read() throws Effects; }
```

we can implement parsers

```
void accept(char c, Input in, Exc exc) throws Effects {  
    if (in.read() != c) exc.raise("Expected " + c);  
}  
  
// <P> ::= 'A' <P> | 'B'  
int parse(Input in, Exc exc, Amb amb) throws Effects {  
    if (amb.flip()) { accept('A', in, exc); return parse(in, exc, amb) + 1; }  
    else           { accept('B', in, exc); return 0; }  
}
```

# Effect Modularization (Composition)

Using effect signatures

```
interface Exc { <A> A raise(String msg) throws Effects; }
interface Amb { boolean flip() throws Effects; }
interface Input { char read() throws Effects; }
interface P extends Exc, Amb, Input {
    default void accept(char c) throws Effects {
        if (this.read() != c) this.raise("Expected " + c);
    }
}
```

# Effect Modularization (Composition)

Using effect signatures

```
interface Exc { <A> A raise(String msg) throws Effects; }
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*Now "this" is the capability*

# Effect Modularization (Composition)

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    default void accept(char c) throws Effects {
        if (this.read() != c) this.raise("Expected " + c);
    }
}
Now "this" is the capability

// <P> ::= 'A' <P> | 'B'
int parse(P p) throws Effects {
    if (p.flip()) { p.accept('A'); return parse(p) + 1; }
    else { p.accept('B'); return 0; }
}
```

# Modularity Benefits

- Effect Signatures just describe the parser **interface**
- Handlers can implement **different parsing strategies**:
  - backtracking vs. enumerating all parse results
  - depth first vs. breadth first
  - pull vs. push
- **Compose with other effects** like ANF transformation / Let-insertion

# Conclusions

- "handler- / capability passing style"
- user defined effects ✓
- dynamic effect instances ✓
- modular and extensible effect signatures and handlers ✓
- user programs are written in direct style ✓
- performance: competitive with JVM continuation libraries ✓
- safety (capabilities can leak) ✗



# Conclusions

- "handler- / capability passing style"
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- dynamic effect instances ✓
- modular and extensible effect signatures and handlers ✓
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*Thank you!*